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APPLICATION NO.	F	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/698,577		10/31/2003	Tapesh Yadav	A15 DIV(14)	1118	
25235	7590	07/12/2006		EXAMINER		
HOGAN &			LE, HOA T			
1200 SEVE		R, SUITE 1500 I ST		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
DENVER,	CO 8020	2		1773		
				DATE MAILED: 07/12/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/698,577	YADAV ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	H. T. Le	1773				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Ma	arch 2006.					
,— .	action is non-final.					
•						
closed in accordance with the practice under E						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) 16-52 is/are pending in the application	1.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>36,37 and 41-52</u> is/ar						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>16-35 and 38-40</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti			FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No				
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior			Stage			
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		-			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PT	O-152)			
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

### Election/Restrictions

2. This application contains claims 36, 37, and 41-52 drawn to an invention nonelected without traverse.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 16-25, 27, 28, and 30-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 16, "additional element" has no antecedent basis.

Claim 18 suffers the same deficiency of claim 16.

In claim 20, the process step of "creating a nanoscale powder" has no clear antecedent basis.

Claims 21-23 suffer the same deficiency of claim 20.

Claims 17-25 are deemed indefinite in view of their dependency upon claim 16.

In claims 27 and 28, "additional element" has no antecedent basis.

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In claims 30-33, the process step of "creating a nanoscale powder" has no clear antecedent basis.

Claim 34 suffers the same deficiency of claim 27.

5. Claims 16-37 and 38-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement.

These claims contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claims are now amended to include a process step of combining a dopant into the lattice of a metal compound. The specification as originally filed does not provide teaching as to how such combining step can be done. None of the commonly-owned patents cited by Applicant provide support for this step either for the reasons set forth in section 6 below.

- 6. Claims 16-35 and 38-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement as set forth in the last office action and further discussed below.
- 3.1 Applicant argues that the process of "creating nanoscale particles" is taught in the commonly-owned U.S. Patent 5,788,738 ('738 patent), particularly as detailed in examples 1 through 9. The method disclosed in the '739 patent is not the same as the claimed method. The '739 patent method involves making ultrafine (nanoscale) particles from a commercially available powder. The claimed invention, on the other hand, starts with a metal compound which may be or may not be in particulate form. In addition, the claimed process may

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involve chemical reaction because the addition of a dopant, which step is absent in the teaching of the '739 patent. In addition, the claimed process results in particles comprising three-element or more, which cannot be seen how such multi-component particles can be made from the process taught in the '739 patent. Therefore, the '739 patent does not provide support for the production method of nanoscale powder as claimed.

3.2 Applicant further argues that the support for the claimed method is provided by the commonly owned U.S. patent 5,987,997, which the examiner believes is an incorrect patent number because the reference patent was issued to Roskam and titled "Ultrasound Flow Measurement Method". The Examiner assumes that Applicant intended to mean the US patent 5,984,997 ('997 patent), and the examiner's reply to this argument is based on this assumption. Similarly, to the '739 patent, the '997 patent discloses method of making nanoscale powder from a powder, and such method involves neither dopant nor requires formation of at least three elements in the resulting powder. Therefore, the '997 patent does not provide support for the production method of nanoscale powder as claimed.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. Claims 16-35 and 38-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the Schmidt patent (US 5,590,387); the Lawandy patent (US 5,882,779); and the Hampden-Smith patent (US 6,180,029) as set forth in the last office action and further discussed below.

Examiner's Note: Because the specification does not provide description as to how a dopant can be "combined into the lattice" of the metal compound, for purpose of art

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rejection, the examiner interprets this process step broadly as a combination of the dopant to a compound by any means including surface-modifying, treating, coating, etc....

- 8. The Schmidt patent ('387):
- 8.1 Applicant argues that "387 does not teach or offer any motivations for combining dopant into the lattice of a metal compound comprising compositions of matter as called for in independent claims 16 and 26." As stated in the last office action, '387 teaches metal-containing nanoparticles being surface modified by a surface-modifying agent. Dopant is a small quantity being added to a compound to change the property of the compound. Thus, the surface-modifying agent constitutes dopant because it changes the surface properties of the nanoparticles. Thus, it is necessarily inherent that the dopant (i.e. surface modifying agent) is combined into the lattice of the metal particles (see examiner's note above), especially after the modified particles were subject to sintering.

### 9. The Lawandy patent ('779)

Applicant argues that '779 teaches semiconductor cores being coated with certain transition metals and thus does not provide and the coating processes do not teach or offer any motivations for combining elements into the lattice of the metal compound. The coating material constitutes a dopant, and for the dopant to form a coating on the semiconductor core, it is expected that the dopant "combined into the lattice" of the semiconductor core. Note that the specification provides no description as to the combination step; therefore, this step can be interpreted broadly as combination of the dopant into a material.

# 10. The Hampden-Smith patent ('029)

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Applicant argues the present application has a priority date predates the '029 patent. As discussed in the rejection under 35 USC 112, first paragraph above, the parent applications do not provide support of the claimed invention. Therefore, the present application is not entitled to the filing date of any of its parent applications. The effective filing date for the present application is therefore its actual filing date. Accordingly, the '028 patent is a valid prior art against the claimed invention. Because applicant does not argue to the merit of the rejection, the examiner assumes that applicant agrees with the examiner's position on the '029 patent.

### Response to Arguments

- 11. Applicant's arguments filed March 31, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the reasons set forth in sections 6-10 above. However, Applicant's arguments with regard to the Nass and Moy patents are persuasive. The rejections based on the Nass and the Moy patents have been withdrawn.
- 12. In view of the terminal disclaimer filed March 31, 2006, the double patenting rejection has been withdrawn.

#### Conclusion

- 13. Applicant's arguments filed March 31, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the reasons set forth in sections 6-10 above.
- 14. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection as presented in sections 3-5 in this Office action.

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15. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to H. T. Le whose telephone number is 571-272-1511. The examiner can normally be reached on 10:00 a.m. to 6:30 p.m., Mondays to Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carol Chaney can be reached on 571-272-1284. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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H. T. Le

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1773

July 8, 2006